# Row 9545

Visit Number: eb9364e8849243241e8e1fcf1c07ae2d933f7dfc7c8a39e522599d8419347eaf

Masked\_PatientID: 9532

Order ID: 4cc85d70a923710e554c38564bb7e7fa125907d676927a3fd64fbf184bbdc869

Order Name: Chest X-ray

Result Item Code: CHE-NOV

Performed Date Time: 31/8/2015 7:30

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY . 50% Burns. REPORT CHEST (SUPINE MOBILE) TOTAL OF ONE IMAGE The patient is undergoing treatment for burns with cardiac monitoring leads in place. The tip of the endotracheal tube is about 1.0 cm above the carina and this requires adjustment and repositioning to more superior level. There are bilateral chest tubes in place, the tip of the left tube projected over the left lung apex area and but the right tube tip appears to be short. There is no discernible pneumothorax on this image. The tip of the nasogastric tube is projected just below the dome of the left hemidiaphragm and this is likely to be coiled in the fundus of the stomach. The heart shadow and mediastinum cannot be assessed for size and configuration view of the projection. The lungs show bilateral perihilar vascular congestion. There also is a focus of air space opacification in the left lower zone which may be compatible with infection There is subcutaneous emphysema of the neck and chest wall, mainly on the right side. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 1706c3d59369452a08b3bfb556d95039274495963855c708911f9137f442ca60

Updated Date Time: 31/8/2015 15:10

## Layman Explanation

This radiology report discusses HISTORY . 50% Burns. REPORT CHEST (SUPINE MOBILE) TOTAL OF ONE IMAGE The patient is undergoing treatment for burns with cardiac monitoring leads in place. The tip of the endotracheal tube is about 1.0 cm above the carina and this requires adjustment and repositioning to more superior level. There are bilateral chest tubes in place, the tip of the left tube projected over the left lung apex area and but the right tube tip appears to be short. There is no discernible pneumothorax on this image. The tip of the nasogastric tube is projected just below the dome of the left hemidiaphragm and this is likely to be coiled in the fundus of the stomach. The heart shadow and mediastinum cannot be assessed for size and configuration view of the projection. The lungs show bilateral perihilar vascular congestion. There also is a focus of air space opacification in the left lower zone which may be compatible with infection There is subcutaneous emphysema of the neck and chest wall, mainly on the right side. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>. In simpler terms, this means...

## Summary

No diseases detected.  
No specific organs mentioned.  
No symptoms mentioned.